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THE LABOR MARKET REPORT

Tennessee Department of Employment Security

Data for June 1990

Ned Ray McWherter, Governor

Rayburn A. Traughber, Commissioner

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RECENT PUBLICATIONS

Occupations in Demand at Tennessee Department of Employment Security, First Quarter 1990

This publication lists, by Dictionary of Occupational Title (DOT) code and title, those occupations with 10 or more openings received by the Tennessee Department of Employment Security local offices during the quarter. Average hourly wages are given when available, and the Service Delivery Areas (SDAs) having 10 or more job openings are also shown.

Tennessee Data for Affirmative Action Plans, 1990 Supplement

This publication is used by employers for developing their affirmative action plans. It contains 1989 annual average labor force information for the state, metropolitan statistical areas (MSAs), and counties (listed alphabetically).

Veterans in Tennessee, 1989

Current statistical data pertaining to veterans' population, labor force status, income, and poverty status is presented in this publication. Tennessee

TENNESSEE'S EXPERIENCED LABOR FORCE BY OCCUPATION, 1989

According to the U.S. Department of Labor, of the 2,356,000 persons in Tennessee's experienced labor force in 1989, 661,000 or 28.1 percent were considered to be in technical, sales, and administrative support occupations, while another 567,000 or 24.1 percent were operators, fabricators, and laborers.

Approximately 41.9 percent of Tennessee's working women were employed in administrative support, including clerical (24.9 percent) or service (17.0 percent) occupations. Over one-third of Tennessee's working men were employed in the precision production, craft, and repair (22.0 percent) or machine operator, assembler, and inspector (11.8 percent) occupations.

The largest percentage of employed blacks worked in service occupations (22.3 percent), while the largest percentage of employed whites worked in administrative support, including clerical (14.7 percent).

Occupational unemployment rates ranged from a low of 2.4 percent for executive, administrative, and managerial to a high of 7.8 percent for handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers.

TENNESSEE'S EXPERIENCED LABOR FORCE BY INDUSTRY, 1989

Over one-fourth of all employed persons worked in the manufacturing industry in 1989. The services industry employed 26.0 percent of the women and 23.0 percent of the blacks in the labor force, which was the highest percentage of women and blacks in any industry.

Unemployment rates by industry ranged from a low of 2.0 percent in government to a high of 8.3 percent in construction.

TENNESSEE 1989 LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY AGE

The age profile of persons in the labor force revealed that the largest number of persons in the labor force were between 25 and 34 years old. The number of persons participating in the labor force declined as their ages rose after age 34.

The labor force participation rate for persons 16 years of age and over was 64.2 percent for women and 78.2 percent for men.

	Total	Managerial and professional specialty		Technical, sales, and administrative support			Service occupations	Precision production, craft, and repair	Operators, fabricators, and laborers			Farming, forestry, and fishing
		Executive, administrative, and managerial	Professional specialty	Technicians and related support	Sales	Administrative support, including clerical			Machine operators, assemblers, and inspectors	Transportation and material moving	Handlers, equipment cleaners, helpers, and laborers	
Labor Force Estimates (in thousands)												
Labor force	2,356	241	205	73	257	331	296	319	328	117	122	66
Employed	2,247	236	200	71	246	322	277	303	304	112	112	63
Unemployed	109	6	5	2	11	9	19	16	24	5	9	3
Rate (%)	4.6	2.4	2.7	2.5	4.1	2.7	6.3	5.0	7.2	3.9	7.8	5.0
Percent Distribution of Employed												
Total	100.0	10.5	8.9	3.2	11.0	14.3	12.3	13.5	13.5	5.0	5.0	2.8
Men	100.0	11.6	7.8	2.6	9.9	5.5	8.4	22.0	11.8	8.5	7.3	4.5
Women	100.0	9.1	10.2	3.8	12.2	24.9	17.0	3.4	15.6	0.8	2.3	0.7
White	100.0	11.3	8.4	2.8	11.8	14.7	10.5	14.4	13.3	4.9	4.6	3.2
Black	100.0	6.0	10.1	5.2	6.5	12.4	22.3	9.0	15.1	5.6	7.2	0.6

TENNESSEE'S EXPERIENCED LABOR FORCE BY INDUSTRY, 1989*

	Total (includes self-emp., unpaid family workers, domestics, and mining)	Nonagricultural industries											Agriculture
		Total (includes self-emp., unpaid family workers, and mining)	Private nonagricultural wage and salary workers									Government	
			Total (includes mining)	Construction	Manufacturing			Transportation, communication, and public utilities	Trade	Finance, insurance, and real estate	Services		
					Total	Durable goods	Nondurable goods						
Labor Force Estimates (in thousands)													
Labor force	2,356	2,278	1,813	127	602	289	312	123	429	102	424	296	61
Employed	2,247	2,173	1,720	116	569	274	294	118	406	98	407	290	58
Unemployed	109	105	93	11	33	15	18	5	23	4	17	6	3
Rate (%)	4.6	4.6	5.1	8.3	5.4	5.1	5.7	4.4	5.5	3.6	4.0	2.0	5.0
Percent Distribution of Employed													
Total	100.0	96.7	76.6	5.2	25.3	12.2	13.1	5.2	18.0	4.4	18.1	12.9	2.6
Men	100.0	95.7	74.4	8.6	26.4	15.3	11.1	7.6	17.2	2.6	11.6	11.6	4.1
Women	100.0	98.0	79.1	1.1	24.0	8.5	15.5	2.4	19.0	6.6	26.0	14.4	0.8
White	100.0	96.6	76.3	5.4	26.3	12.6	13.7	4.5	18.1	4.6	17.0	12.0	3.0
Black	100.0	97.5	77.3	3.8	20.8	10.7	10.1	9.1	17.6	2.9	23.0	18.4	0.4

* Excludes persons with no previous work experience.

TENNESSEE 1989 LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES BY AGE

	Civilian non-institutional population	Civilian Labor Force		Employment		Unemployment	
		Number	Percent of population	Number	Percent of population	Number	Rate
Total	3,753	2,368	63.1	2,247	59.9	121	5.1
16-19 years	301	154	51.1	131	43.4	23	14.9
20-24 years	364	274	75.3	252	69.3	22	7.9
25-34 years	806	669	83.0	638	79.1	32	4.7
35-44 years	722	598	82.7	574	79.5	23	3.9
45-54 years	514	393	76.4	382	74.2	11	2.8
55-64 years	446	213	47.7	205	45.8	8	3.8
65 years and over	598	68	11.3	66	11.0	2	3.2
Single (never married)	819	534	65.3	483	58.9	52	9.7
Married	2,206	1,481	67.2	1,436	65.1	45	3.1
Other marital status	728	352	48.4	328	45.1	24	6.8
Men	1,753	1,284	73.2	1,222	69.7	61	4.8
16-19 years	147	77	52.5	67	45.7	10	12.9
20-24 years	175	145	82.5	132	75.0	13	9.1
25-34 years	394	367	93.1	353	89.5	14	3.8
35-44 years	352	324	92.1	310	87.9	15	4.5
45-54 years	249	213	85.4	207	83.1	6	2.7
55-64 years	204	117	57.3	113	55.7	3	2.8
Single (never married)	443	299	67.4	271	61.2	28	9.2
Married	1,115	862	77.3	841	75.4	21	2.4
Other marital status	195	123	63.3	111	56.8	13	10.2
Male Vienam-era vet	150	130	87.0	128	85.3	3	2.0
Women	2,000	1,284	54.2	1,025	51.2	60	5.5
16-19 years	154	77	49.7	64	41.3	13	17.0
20-24 years	189	129	68.6	121	64.1	8	6.6
25-34 years	412	303	73.4	285	69.1	18	5.8
35-44 years	370	273	73.8	264	71.5	9	3.2
45-54 years	265	180	67.9	175	65.9	5	3.0
55-64 years	243	96	39.6	91	37.6	5	5.1
Single (never married)	376	236	62.7	212	56.3	24	10.2
Married	1,091	620	56.8	595	54.6	25	4.0
Other marital status	534	229	42.9	218	40.8	11	5.0

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

County	June	
	1989	1990
Anderson	6.0	5.3
Bedford	7.3	6.2
Benton	6.8	7.4
Bledsoe	4.8	4.3
Blount	7.8	5.8
Bradley	5.3	4.8
Campbell	11.4	9.7
Cannon	7.6	8.3
Carroll	7.3	6.7
Carter	7.5	5.0
Cheatham	3.5	4.9
Chester	5.8	6.6
Claiborne	7.3	6.1
Clay	4.7	3.8
Cocke	10.3	8.2
Coffee	6.5	5.1
Crockett	4.9	4.2
Cumberland	9.3	7.3
Davidson	4.3	4.1
Decatur	9.8	9.1
DeKalb	7.7	6.4
Dickson	7.0	7.0
Dyer	4.7	4.9
Fayette	6.9	8.1
Fentress	10.5	10.1
Franklin	5.9	4.9
Gibson	7.9	6.8
Giles	7.0	5.1
Grainger	8.8	5.6
Greene	7.7	7.3
Grundy	8.0	8.9
Hamblen	6.6	5.9
Hamilton	5.7	4.5
Hancock	5.2	4.2
Hardeman	6.3	6.0
Hardin	9.3	6.5
Hawkins	6.2	4.6
Haywood	9.5	9.9
Henderson	7.2	6.9
Henry	6.4	6.3
Hickman	5.9	6.4
Houston	9.9	11.4
Humphreys	11.2	16.1
Jackson	7.9	8.7
Jefferson	6.5	6.1
Johnson	14.2	6.6
Knox	5.5	4.6
Lake	5.8	5.7
Lauderdale	7.4	6.4
Lawrence	12.0	7.4
Lewis	7.7	7.8
Lincoln	5.9	3.9
Loudon	5.4	5.5
Macon	8.8	7.1
Madison	5.4	5.9
Marion	9.3	7.7
Marshall	3.5	4.2
Maury	4.9	7.0
McMinn	7.3	8.2
McNairy	8.4	8.0
Meigs	11.0	9.0
Monroe	9.0	8.4
Montgomery	5.8	6.0
Moore	6.6	4.9
Morgan	9.0	9.2
Obion	5.9	6.2
Overton	8.7	7.2
Perry	5.2	6.3
Pickett	8.2	6.7
Polk	11.9	11.2
Putnam	6.3	5.3
Rhea	11.3	7.8
Roane	6.8	7.2
Robertson	4.6	5.8
Rutherford	4.9	4.6
Scott	10.1	9.3
Sequatchie	7.5	4.5
Sevier	5.1	5.0
Shelby	5.6	4.8
Smith	6.5	7.1
Stewart	6.0	5.3
Sullivan	4.6	4.1
Sumner	5.8	6.0
Tipton	6.7	5.4
Trousdale	4.5	5.7
Unicoi	7.4	7.4
Union	6.4	6.1
Van Buren	6.8	8.3
Warren	7.3	7.2
Washington	5.5	4.5
Wayne	8.7	6.3
Weakley	4.6	5.0
White	8.7	9.6
Williamson	2.8	2.6
Wilson	4.9	5.6

TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	June 1989				Revised May 1990				Preliminary June 1990			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
U.S.[1]	125,569,000	118,719,000	6,850,000	5.5	124,640,000	118,277,000	6,363,000	5.1	126,307,000	119,605,000	6,702,000	5.3
TENNESSEE[2]	2,396,200	2,253,500	142,700	6.0	2,391,400	2,262,900	128,500	5.4	2,415,000	2,285,000	130,000	5.4
METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS[2]												
CHATTANOOGA	211,500	198,500	13,000	6.1	209,200	199,800	9,400	4.5	211,100	200,700	10,400	4.9
JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL	218,100	206,500	11,600	5.3	219,900	209,200	10,700	4.9	221,600	211,300	10,300	4.6
KNOXVILLE	297,800	279,900	17,900	6.0	287,500	273,000	14,500	5.0	290,400	275,900	14,500	5.0
MEMPHIS	469,800	442,400	27,400	5.8	469,000	446,400	22,600	4.8	472,300	448,500	23,800	5.0
NASHVILLE	534,000	510,000	24,000	4.5	528,000	506,200	21,800	4.1	534,600	510,600	24,000	4.5

[1] Error range for these estimates is plus or minus 0.2 percentage points.

[2] Error range for these estimates cannot be computed.

Tennessee's preliminary unemployment rate for June remained unchanged from last month at 5.4 percent. It was the lowest June rate since 1974 when the rate was 5.0 percent.

The labor force reached a record high of 2,415,000 in June. Over a one-year period, the labor force grew approximately 18,800 with 31,500 more Tennesseans employed this June than last and 12,700 fewer people unemployed.

Across the state, the unemployment rate declined in 54 counties, increased in 40 counties, and remained the same in one county. Williamson County maintained the state's lowest county unemployment rate at 2.6 percent, up from 2.4 percent. Humphreys County at 16.1 percent, down from 21.0 percent, again recorded the highest unemployment rate in the state.

In June, record levels of employment were set in services, as the industry reached 483,500, and in instruments and related products, which climbed to a high of 11,400.

The major employment increase in the goods producing industries from May to June occurred in construction, up 2,500. Construction traditionally increases in the spring and peaks in mid-summer. In June, 100,900 people were employed in this industry which was the highest number of people working in construction since November 1989. In the service producing industries, trade increased by 3,100 and services, up by 3,000, reached record level employment for the third month in a row.

Overall, the industries across the state showed few declines from May to June. The major exception was in local government, which declined by 7,300 due to the public school systems being out for the summer.

From June 1989 to June 1990, services continued to lead the state's growth with an increase of 11,500 jobs. Growth in services took place in health services, up by 5,300, and in business services, up by 2,500. Major employment losses recorded in the goods producing industries were in electrical equipment which declined by 2,300, and in service producing industries, where 1,700 jobs were lost in miscellaneous retail.

STATEWIDE

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT* (in thousands)

Industry	June 1989	Revised May 1990	Preliminary June 1990	Net Change June 1989 to June 1990	Net Change May 1990 to June 1990
TOTAL	2,174.5	2,185.6	2,183.3	8.8	-2.3
Goods Producing	636.5	628.3	630.1	-6.4	1.8
Manufacturing	529.5	523.5	522.7	-6.8	-0.8
Durable Goods	264.5	260.5	260.1	-4.4	-0.4
Lumber & Wood Products	21.7	21.3	21.2	-0.5	-0.1
Furniture & Fixtures	27.7	28.0	28.3	0.6	0.3
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	14.8	14.5	14.5	-0.3	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	15.9	15.0	15.0	-0.9	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	43.1	42.3	42.1	-1.0	-0.2
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	41.0	39.7	39.4	-1.6	-0.3
Electronic & Other Electric Equip.	40.4	38.5	38.1	-2.3	-0.4
Transportation Equipment	36.7	37.6	37.6	0.9	0.0
Instruments & Related Products	10.7	11.2	11.4	0.7	0.2
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	12.5	12.4	12.5	0.0	0.1
Nondurable Goods	264.9	263.0	262.6	-2.3	-0.4
Food & Kindred Products	39.1	39.0	39.1	0.0	0.1
Meat Products	8.2	8.3	8.2	0.0	-0.1
Tobacco	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.0	0.0
Textile Mill Products	23.0	21.8	21.9	-1.1	0.1
Knitting Mills	11.5	10.2	10.4	-1.1	0.2
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	65.6	63.8	63.8	-1.8	0.0
Paper & Allied Products	21.1	22.1	21.1	0.0	-1.0
Printing & Publishing	37.2	37.3	37.5	0.3	0.2
Chemicals & Allied Products	39.5	40.4	40.5	1.0	0.1
Petroleum Refining, Etc.	1.0	1.2	1.2	0.2	0.0
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	27.6	27.3	27.2	-0.4	-0.1
Leather & Leather Products	9.8	9.3	9.5	-0.3	0.2
Mining	6.5	6.4	6.5	0.0	0.1
Construction	100.5	98.4	100.9	0.4	2.5
Service Producing	1,538.0	1,557.3	1,553.2	15.2	-4.1
Transportation, Communication, & Public Util.	116.2	115.4	116.4	0.2	1.0
Transportation	89.6	89.2	90.1	0.5	0.9
Communications & Public Utilities	26.6	26.2	26.3	-0.3	0.1
Trade	512.8	508.8	511.9	-0.9	3.1
Wholesale Trade	130.6	129.8	129.8	-0.8	0.0
Durable Goods	74.7	74.2	74.2	-0.5	0.0
Nondurable Goods	56.0	55.6	55.6	-0.4	0.0
Retail Trade	382.2	379.0	382.1	-0.1	3.1
Building Materials & Garden Supplies	15.7	15.4	15.6	-0.1	0.2
Retail General Merchandise	55.1	55.9	56.1	1.0	0.2
Food Stores	66.0	67.3	67.8	1.8	0.5
Automotive Dealers & Service Stations	43.3	43.2	43.2	-0.1	0.0
Apparel & Accessory Stores	21.6	20.1	20.1	-1.5	0.0
Furniture & Home Furnishings	14.4	13.3	13.3	-1.1	0.0
Eating & Drinking Places	123.0	122.9	124.5	1.5	1.6
Miscellaneous Retail	43.1	40.9	41.4	-1.7	0.5
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	104.9	103.6	104.5	-0.4	0.9
Finance	46.7	45.7	46.1	-0.6	0.4
Insurance	35.6	35.9	36.0	0.4	0.1
Real Estate & Investment Offices	22.6	22.0	22.4	-0.2	0.4
Services	472.0	480.5	483.5	11.5	3.0
Hotels & Other Lodging	32.9	31.3	32.7	-0.2	1.4
Personal Services	24.6	24.6	24.6	0.0	0.0
Business Services	88.9	90.8	91.4	2.5	0.6
Health Services	146.5	150.6	151.8	5.3	1.2
Hospitals	69.7	71.5	72.0	2.3	0.5
Government	332.0	349.0	336.9	4.9	-12.1
Federal	63.1	69.9	67.7	4.6	-2.2
State & Local	268.9	279.1	269.2	0.3	-9.9
State	75.1	77.8	75.2	0.1	-2.6
Local	193.9	201.3	194.0	0.1	-7.3

*Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

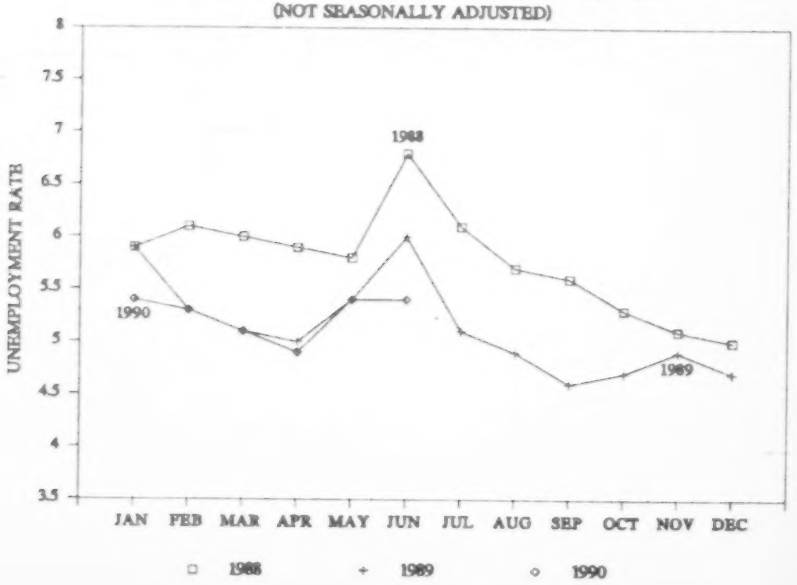
Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990
All Manufacturing	381.80	367.82	373.80	41.5	38.8	39.1	9.20	9.48	9.56
Durable Goods	406.27	379.39	384.51	42.1	38.4	38.8	9.65	9.88	9.91
Lumber & Wood Products	255.20	251.04	260.80	41.7	38.8	39.1	6.12	6.47	6.67
Furniture & Fixtures	305.75	290.64	311.09	38.9	34.6	36.3	7.86	8.40	8.57
Stone, Clay, & Glass	547.27	571.20	568.96	43.4	44.[illegible]	43.8	12.61	12.75	12.99
Primary Metal Industries	500.12	488.07	482.42	43.3	43.5	43.5	11.55	11.22	11.09
Fabricated Metal Products	421.27	407.82	413.51	40.9	40.1	40.7	10.30	10.17	10.16
Ind. Machinery, Electronic, & Other Electric Equipment	406.35	421.83	391.30	43.0	40.6	38.4	9.45	10.39	10.19
Instruments & Related Products	404.91	390.06	418.92	41.7	43.1	44.9	9.71	9.05	9.33
Nondurable Goods	356.65	356.84	363.40	40.9	39.3	39.5	8.72	9.08	9.20
Food & Kindred Products	345.20	354.60	363.12	40.0	40.9	40.8	8.63	8.67	8.90
Textile Mill Products	318.75	300.56	320.74	42.5	39.6	41.6	7.50	7.59	7.71
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	224.25	222.52	238.16	39.0	36.3	36.8	5.75	6.13	6.20
Paper & Allied Products	539.37	540.76	518.31	46.1	44.0	39.0	11.70	12.29	13.29
Chemical & Allied Products	504.64	475.73	470.84	42.3	40.8	39.7	11.93	11.66	11.86
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	440.54	470.67	479.79	41.6	41.8	42.8	10.59	11.26	11.21
Leather & Leather Products	274.99	243.02	253.16	42.9	36.6	38.3	6.41	6.64	6.61

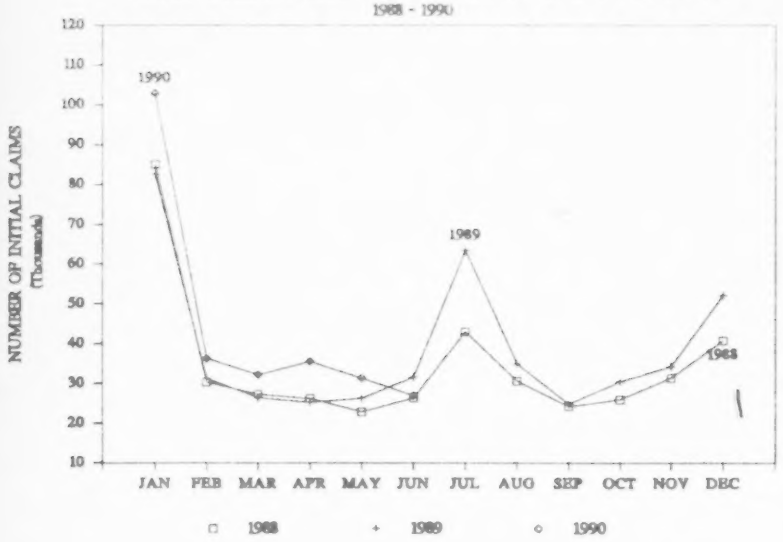
TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)

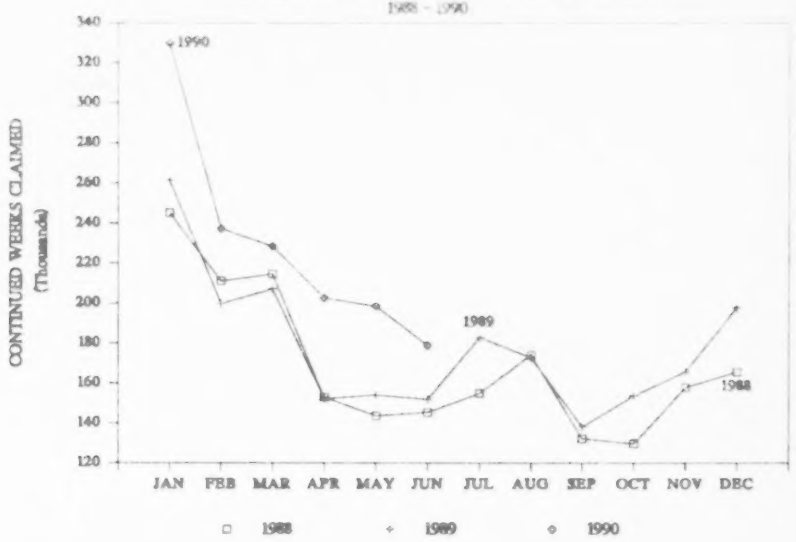


STATE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

MONTHLY INITIAL UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMS



MONTHLY UI WEEKS CLAIMED



STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM

CLAIMS	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990
Initial Claims	31,546	31,342	26,905
Continued Weeks Claimed	152,038	198,566	178,904
Nonmonetary Determinations	3,972	3,670	3,828
Appeals Decisions	1,278	1,390	1,189
Lower Authority	1,083	1,176	1,028
Higher Authority	195	214	161

BENEFITS			
Amount Paid	$13,871,107	$20,051,073	$17,031,630
Benefit Weeks Paid	133,250	175,843	152,690
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$109	$113	$112
First Payments	10,633	11,524	11,584
Final Payments	3,746	4,935	4,042
Average Weeks Duration	11	11	11
Trust Fund Balance	$613,047,192	$678,009,210	$663,574,233

FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS

FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES:	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990
Benefits Paid	$803,921	$510,315	$676,587
Benefit Weeks Claimed	4,533	2,783	3,433
Initial Claims	652	440	531
Continued Weeks Claimed	4,838	3,182	3,869
Appeals Decisions	19	25	21

FORMEk MILITARY PERSONNEL:			
Benefits Paid	$179,669	$257,234	$209,412
Benefit Weeks Claimed	1,224	1,688	1,373
Initial Claims	212	256	170
Continued Weeks Claimed	1,375	1,951	1,781
Appeals Decisions	6	4	6

CHATTANOOGA MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased slightly by 100 jobs between May and June but was up 3,000 or 1.5 percent over the year. The lumber industry experienced a seasonal increase of 200 jobs. Government decreased by 300 jobs due to a decline in census workers and the summer vacation of public schools. Services accounted for 300 new jobs in June due to seasonal factors and increased by 2,300 over the year.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	June 1989	Revised May 1990	Preliminary June 1990	Net Change: June 1989 to June 1990	Net Change: May 1990 to June 1990
TOTAL	195.6	198.5	198.6	3.0	0.1
Goods Producing	56.1	56.6	56.4	0.3	-0.2
Manufacturing	47.5	47.2	47.1	-0.4	-0.1
Durable Goods	18.8	18.0	18.1	-0.7	0.1
Lumber & Wood Products, including Furniture	1.3	1.1	1.3	0.0	0.2
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
Primary Metal Industries	3.9	3.6	3.6	-0.3	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	4.0	4.2	4.3	0.3	0.1
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	3.2	2.6	2.6	-0.6	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	5.4	5.5	5.5	0.1	0.0
Nondurable Goods	28.7	29.1	29.0	0.3	-0.1
Food & Kindred Products	6.8	6.7	6.7	-0.1	0.0
Textile Mill Products	11.9	12.5	12.4	0.5	-0.1
Knitting Mills	2.6	2.6	2.7	0.1	0.1
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Paper & Allied Products	1.9	1.8	1.9	0.0	0.1
Printing & Publishing	2.2	2.1	2.1	-0.1	0.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	3.4	3.5	3.5	0.1	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
Mining	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.1	0.0
Construction	7.9	8.6	8.5	0.6	-0.1
Service Producing	139.5	141.9	142.1	2.6	0.2
Trans., Communication, & Public Utilities	8.2	7.9	8.0	-0.2	0.1
Trade	46.8	46.1	46.1	-0.7	0.0
Wholesale Trade	11.5	11.5	11.4	-0.1	-0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	7.1	6.8	6.8	-0.3	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	4.5	4.7	4.6	0.1	-0.1
Retail Trade	35.3	34.6	34.7	-0.6	0.1
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	12.5	13.1	13.2	0.7	0.1
Services	39.1	41.1	41.4	2.3	0.3
Government	32.9	33.7	33.4	0.5	-0.3
Federal	9.3	9.2	9.1	-0.2	-0.1
State & Local	23.7	24.5	24.3	0.6	-0.2
State	5.8	5.7	5.5	-0.3	-0.2
Local	17.9	18.8	18.8	0.9	0.0

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

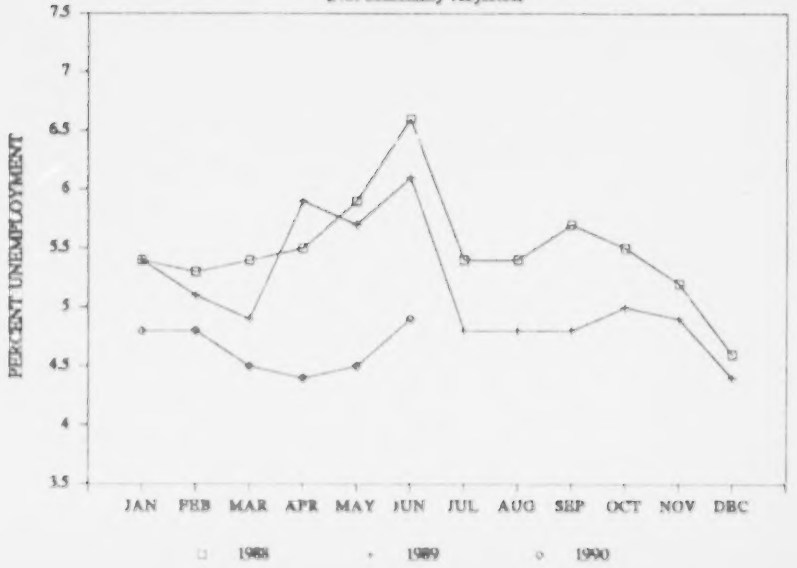
*The Chattanooga Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Hamilton, Marion, and Sequatchie counties in Tennessee and Catoosa, Dade, and Walker counties in Georgia.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — CHATTANOOGA MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990
All Manufacturing	341.53	352.92	362.71	41.0	40.8	40.8	8.33	8.65	8.89
Durable Goods	375.23	363.20	371.87	41.6	40.4	39.9	9.02	8.99	9.32
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	361.96	320.36	328.54	41.7	45.7	43.4	8.68	7.01	7.57
Primary Metal Industries	441.51	423.98	440.38	45.8	43.0	44.8	9.64	9.86	9.83
Fabricated Metal Products	451.82	371.69	398.31	41.3	38.2	37.3	10.94	9.73	10.65
Machinery, Except Electrical	455.92	494.46	494.46	41.0	40.2	41.0	11.12	12.30	12.06
Nondurable Goods	319.12	345.24	356.07	40.6	41.1	41.5	7.86	8.40	8.58
Textile Mill Products	330.39	303.42	318.08	46.6	42.2	43.1	7.09	7.19	7.38
Knitting Mills	265.01	248.38	260.57	41.8	39.3	39.9	6.34	6.32	6.28
Paper and Allied Products	516.64	528.90	567.21	50.8	49.2	51.8	10.17	10.75	10.95
Chemicals and Allied Products	425.04	475.02	458.64	38.5	40.6	39.1	11.04	11.70	11.73

CHATTANOOGA MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased slightly by 100 between May and June but increased by 5,200 or 3.1 percent over the year. Manufacturing employment increased by 300 over the month with no industry reporting a change greater than 100. Mining and construction accounted for 200 new jobs. Retail trade experienced a seasonal increase of 300 jobs and services grew by 300 due to increases in the medical field. Government declined by 1,200 in June due to the public school systems being out for the summer but increased by 2,200 over the year.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (In thousands)

Industry	June 1989	Revised May 1990	Preliminary June 1990	Net Change June 1989 to June 1990	Net Change May 1990 to June 1990
TOTAL	166.9	172.0	172.1	5.2	0.1
Goods Producing	61.7	61.8	62.3	0.6	0.5
Manufacturing	54.1	54.0	54.3	0.2	0.3
Durable Goods	21.8	21.3	21.4	-0.4	0.1
Lumber & Wood Products including Furniture	2.1	1.9	1.9	-0.2	0.0
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	2.5	2.3	2.4	-0.1	0.1
Primary Metal Industry and Fabricated Metal Products	4.0	3.9	4.0	0.0	0.1
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	7.2	7.3	7.2	0.0	-0.1
All Other Durable Goods	5.9	5.9	5.9	0.0	0.0
Nondurable Goods	32.3	32.7	32.9	0.6	0.2
Food & Kindred Products	2.0	2.0	2.1	0.1	0.1
Textile Mill Products	2.6	2.3	2.3	-0.3	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	4.5	5.3	5.3	0.8	0.0
Paper & Allied Products and Printing & Publishing	6.0	5.8	5.8	-0.2	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	17.2	17.3	17.4	0.2	0.1
Mining & Construction	7.6	7.8	8.0	0.4	0.2
Service Producing	105.2	110.2	109.8	4.6	-0.4
Trans., Communication, & Public Util.	6.2	6.2	6.2	0.0	0.0
Trade	38.4	38.7	39.1	0.7	0.4
Wholesale Trade	7.3	7.1	7.2	-0.1	0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	3.6	3.6	3.6	0.0	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	3.7	3.5	3.6	-0.1	0.1
Retail Trade	31.1	31.6	31.9	0.8	0.3
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	5.6	5.3	5.4	-0.2	0.1
Services	31.6	33.2	33.5	1.9	0.3
Government	23.4	26.8	25.6	2.2	-1.2
Federal	3.8	4.5	4.1	0.3	-0.4
State & Local	19.6	22.3	21.5	1.9	-0.8
State	4.8	5.6	4.9	0.1	-0.7
Local	14.8	16.6	16.6	1.8	0.2

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

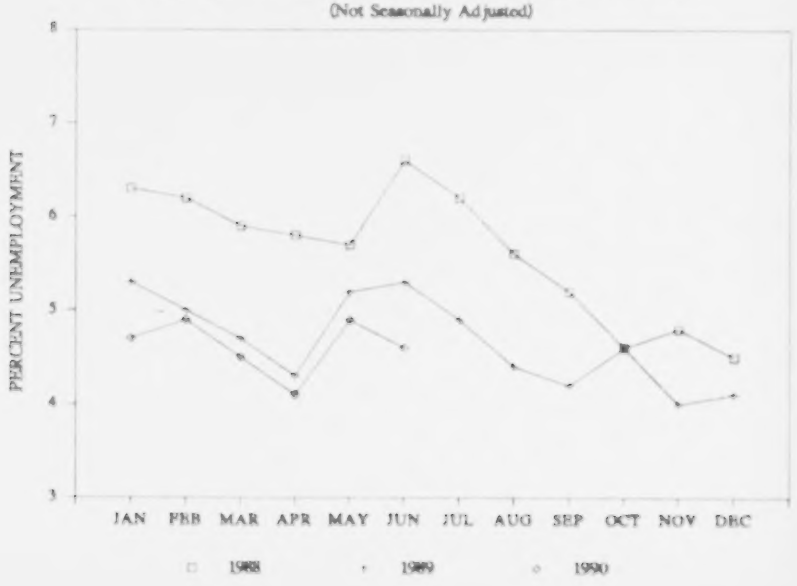
* The Johnson City-Kingsport-Bristol Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Carter, Hawkins, Sullivan, Unicoi, and Washington counties in Tennessee and Scott County, Washington County, and Bristol City in Virginia.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS JOHNSON CITY-KINGSPORT-BRISTOL MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990
All Manufacturing	418.50	360.89	379.60	43.1	39.1	40.0	9.71	9.23	9.49
Durable Goods	379.31	365.22	386.05	43.3	40.4	41.6	8.76	9.04	9.28
Primary & Fabricated Metal Prod.	412.20	453.71	451.14	45.8	44.7	43.8	9.00	10.15	10.30
Mach. & Elec. and Electronic Equip.	401.46	327.37	361.42	42.8	38.2	40.7	9.38	8.57	8.88
Nondurable Goods	445.05	358.32	375.00	43.0	38.2	38.9	10.35	9.38	9.64
Food & Kindred Products	350.95	354.56	366.14	39.7	37.8	38.5	8.84	9.38	9.51
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	234.88	202.05	220.21	44.4	35.2	36.1	5.29	5.74	6.10

TRI-CITIES MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



KNOXVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment increased by 200 jobs between May and June but dropped by 3,800 over the year. Manufacturing employment decreased by 600 in June with the largest decrease of 400 reported in apparel due to a layoff. Construction employment increased by 300 due to favorable weather. The largest employment increases over the month occurred in retail trade (+600) and local government (+600). State government decreased by 500 jobs due to the summer vacation of public schools and universities. Federal government declined by 300 due to a decrease in census workers.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (In thousands)

Industry	June 1989	Revised May 1990	Preliminary June 1990	Net Change June 1989 to June 1990	Net Change May 1990 to June 1990
TOTAL	269.7	265.7	265.9	-3.8	0.2
Goods Producing	69.7	66.2	66.0	-3.7	-0.2
Manufacturing	52.4	49.6	49.0	-3.4	-0.6
Durable Goods	31.8	29.3	29.2	-2.6	-0.1
Lumber & Wood Products	2.5	2.1	1.9	-0.6	-0.2
Furniture & Fixtures	2.6	2.3	2.4	-0.2	0.1
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	1.5	1.5	1.5	0.0	0.0
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	2.1	2.0	2.0	-0.1	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	23.0	21.4	21.4	-1.6	0.0
Nondurable Goods	20.6	20.3	19.8	-0.8	-0.5
Food & Kindred Products	3.6	3.7	3.6	0.0	-0.1
Textile Mill Products	2.2	1.9	1.9	-0.3	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	8.5	8.4	8.0	-0.5	-0.4
Paper, and Printing & Publishing	4.0	4.1	4.1	0.1	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.3	2.2	2.2	-0.1	0.0
Mining	1.8	1.9	1.9	0.1	0.0
Construction	15.5	14.7	15.0	-0.5	0.3
Service Producing	200.0	199.4	199.9	-0.1	0.5
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	10.8	10.7	10.9	0.1	0.2
Trade	70.4	68.2	68.9	-1.5	0.7
Wholesale Trade	16.3	15.5	15.6	-0.7	0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	9.8	9.2	9.3	-0.5	0.1
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	6.5	6.3	6.3	-0.2	0.0
Retail Trade	54.1	52.7	53.3	-0.8	0.6
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	10.2	10.0	10.1	-0.1	0.1
Services	58.1	58.9	58.6	0.5	-0.3
Government	50.5	51.7	51.5	1.0	-0.2
Federal	7.5	7.5	7.2	-0.3	-0.3
State & Local	42.9	44.2	44.3	1.4	0.1
State	20.3	20.8	20.3	0.0	-0.5
Local	22.7	23.4	24.0	1.3	0.6

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

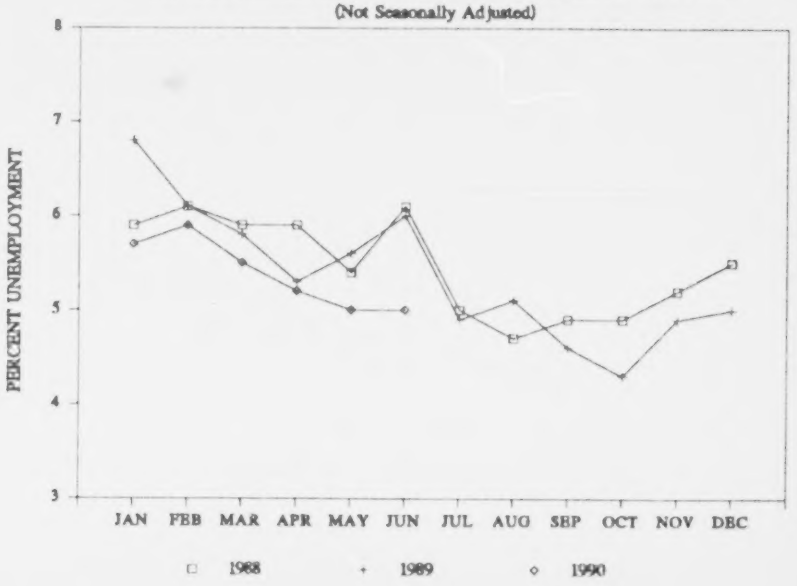
* The Knoxville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Anderson, Blount, Grainger, Jefferson, Knox, Sevier, and Union counties.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — **KNOXVILLE MSA**

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990
All Manufacturing	365.76	324.49	335.10	39.8	37.0	37.4	9.19	8.77	8.96
Durable Goods	413.25	353.81	368.64	41.7	37.8	38.4	9.91	9.36	9.60
Stone, Clay, & Glass Products	352.87	398.66	421.80	40.7	44.1	45.6	8.67	9.04	9.25
Machinery, Except Electrical	382.81	383.72	362.37	41.7	42.4	40.9	9.18	9.05	8.86
Nondurable Goods	276.93	289.00	293.49	36.2	35.9	36.1	7.65	8.05	8.13
Food and Kindred Products	277.14	332.20	307.54	37.3	37.2	34.4	7.43	8.93	8.94
Textile Mill Products	236.16	206.97	209.62	35.3	26.5	26.4	6.69	7.81	7.94
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	254.69	252.75	259.11	37.9	37.5	38.5	6.72	6.74	6.73

KNOXVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



MEMPHIS MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment decreased by 1,300 between May and June but rose 7,800 or 1.7 percent during the year. Manufacturing decreased by 600 jobs with the largest decline of 900, which was seasonal, reported in paper and allied products. A seasonal increase of 400 was experienced in mining and construction. Retail trade increased by 400 jobs due to the opening of a new store. Finance, insurance, and real estate also increased by 400 jobs. Local government decreased by 4,500 due to the summer employment loss occurring in education. Services accounted for 2,100 new jobs in June due to seasonal factors and increased by 4,300 over the year.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	June 1989	Revised May 1990	Preliminary June 1990	Net Change June 1989 to June 1990	Net Change May 1990 to June 1990
TOTAL	458.7	467.8	466.5	7.8	-1.3
Goods Producing	80.8	81.9	81.7	0.9	-0.2
Manufacturing	61.5	62.4	61.8	0.3	-0.6
Durable Goods	27.8	27.9	28.1	0.3	0.2
Lumber & Wood Products	2.4	2.4	2.3	-0.1	-0.1
Sawmills & Planing Mills	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	2.3	2.3	2.3	0.0	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	5.9	5.9	6.0	0.1	0.1
Industrial Machinery & Equipment	6.1	5.9	6.0	-0.1	0.1
Electronic & Electric Equipment	3.8	3.9	3.9	0.1	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	7.3	7.5	7.6	0.3	0.1
Nondurable Goods	33.7	34.5	33.7	0.0	-0.8
Food & Kindred Products	7.7	7.5	7.4	-0.3	-0.1
Apparel & Other Fabricated Products	2.2	2.2	2.2	0.0	0.0
Paper & Allied Products	7.4	8.1	7.2	-0.2	-0.9
Printing & Publishing	5.9	6.0	6.1	0.2	0.1
Chemicals & Allied Products	8.2	8.5	8.6	0.4	0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.3	2.2	2.2	-0.1	0.0
Mining & Construction	19.3	19.5	19.9	0.6	0.4
Service Producing	377.9	385.9	384.8	6.9	-1.1
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	46.9	46.8	47.1	0.2	0.3
Trade	125.2	126.3	126.9	1.7	0.6
Wholesale Trade	38.8	39.1	39.3	0.5	0.2
Wholesale Durable Goods	23.9	24.2	24.4	0.5	0.2
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	14.9	14.9	14.9	0.0	0.0
Retail Trade	86.4	87.2	87.6	1.2	0.4
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	26.2	26.4	26.8	0.6	0.4
Services	108.5	110.7	112.8	4.3	2.1
Government	71.1	75.7	71.2	0.1	-4.5
Federal	18.7	20.8	20.8	2.1	0.0
State & Local	52.4	54.9	50.4	-2.0	-4.5
State	12.5	13.0	13.0	0.5	0.0
Local	39.9	41.9	37.4	2.5	-4.5

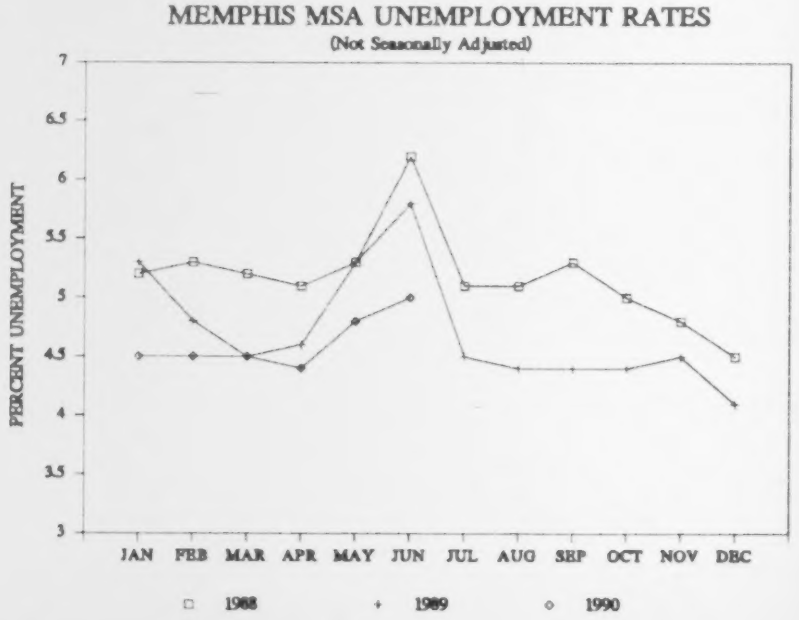
Estimates includes all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

* The Memphis Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Shelby and Tipton counties in Tennessee, Crittendon County in Arkansas, and De Soto County in Mississippi.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — MEMPHIS MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990
All Manufacturing	407.81	385.49	386.77	43.2	39.7	38.6	9.44	9.71	10.02
Durable Goods	367.46	312.44	320.52	41.9	36.5	37.4	8.77	8.56	8.57
Lumber and Wood Products	247.08	232.70	253.75	42.6	38.4	40.6	5.80	6.06	6.25
Furniture and Fixtures	258.23	277.83	283.87	43.4	37.8	41.2	5.95	7.35	6.89
Nondurable Goods	446.34	454.96	452.13	44.5	42.8	39.8	10.03	10.63	11.36
Food and Kindred Products	383.69	394.60	427.35	45.3	45.2	46.1	8.47	8.73	9.27
Paper and Allied Products	545.20	483.14	539.85	47.0	41.4	35.4	11.60	11.67	15.25
Chemicals and Allied Prod.	483.76	588.56	497.52	43.7	45.1	38.3	11.07	13.05	12.99



NASHVILLE MSA*

Total nonagricultural employment decreased 1,100 between May and June but increased by 1,500 over the year. Manufacturing employment decreased by 500 with the largest decrease of 200 reported in food and kindred products due to a layoff. The largest employment gains were reported in mining and construction (+900) due to seasonal factors and retail trade (+1,400). The largest employment loss occurred in government (-3,500) due to the public school systems being out for the summer. During the year, services grew by 5,300 jobs or 4.1 percent.

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)

Industry	June 1989	Revised May 1990	Preliminary June 1990	Net Change June 1989 to June 1990	Net Change May 1990 to June 1990
TOTAL	493.6	496.2	495.1	1.5	-1.1
Goods Producing	116.3	114.0	114.4	-1.9	0.4
Manufacturing	91.0	89.7	89.2	-1.8	-0.5
Durable Goods	51.6	50.2	49.9	-1.7	-0.3
Lumber & Wood Products	2.5	2.6	2.6	0.1	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	3.8	3.8	3.7	-0.1	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	8.7	8.6	8.5	-0.2	-0.1
Machinery and Electronic & Electric Equipment	16.5	15.9	15.8	-0.7	-0.1
Transportation Equipment	11.3	11.3	11.4	0.1	0.1
All Other Durable Goods	8.8	8.0	7.9	-0.9	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	39.4	39.5	39.3	-0.1	-0.2
Food & Kindred Products	7.4	7.7	7.5	0.1	-0.2
Textile Mill Products	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.0	0.0
Apparel & Other Fabricated Prod.	3.4	3.4	3.3	-0.1	-0.1
Printing & Publishing	14.3	14.0	14.1	-0.2	0.1
Petroleum, Coal, & Rubber Products	5.2	5.3	5.3	0.1	0.0
Leather & Leather Products	1.9	1.9	1.8	-0.1	-0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	5.2	5.2	5.3	0.1	0.1
Mining & Construction	25.3	24.3	25.2	-0.1	0.9
Service Producing	377.3	382.2	380.7	3.4	-1.5
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	26.9	26.7	26.7	-0.2	0.0
Trade	120.2	117.6	119.2	-1.0	1.6
Wholesale Trade	34.4	34.5	34.7	0.3	0.2
Wholesale Durable Goods	20.6	20.2	20.3	-0.3	0.1
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	13.8	14.3	14.4	0.6	0.1
Retail Trade	85.9	83.1	84.5	-1.4	1.4
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	32.5	32.3	32.4	-0.1	0.1
Services	129.9	134.9	135.2	5.3	0.3
Government	67.8	70.7	67.2	-0.6	-3.5
Federal	10.2	11.0	10.6	0.4	-0.4
State & Local	57.6	59.6	56.6	-1.0	-3.0
State	23.7	24.6	23.7	0.0	-0.9
Local	33.9	35.1	32.9	-1.0	-2.2

Estimates include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding. All data subject to annual benchmark revisions.

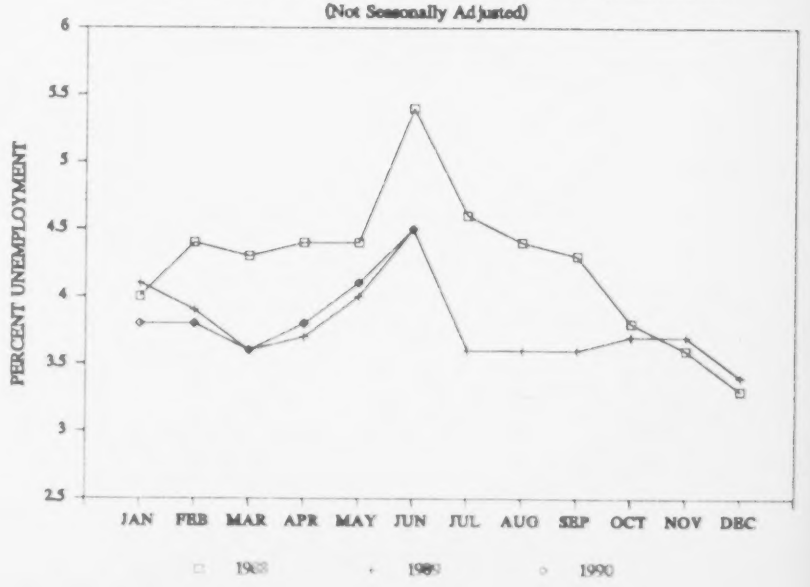
* The Nashville Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Robertson, Rutherford, Sumner, Williamson, and Wilson counties.

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS — NASHVILLE MSA

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990	June 1989	May 1990	June 1990
All Manufacturing	457.95	483.95	485.30	42.6	41.9	42.2	10.75	11.55	11.50
Durable Goods	485.47	533.32	525.68	43.0	42.7	42.6	11.29	12.49	12.34
Nondurable Goods	415.95	400.55	420.16	42.1	40.5	41.6	9.88	9.89	10.10
Food and Kindred Products	437.50	427.52	419.12	42.6	40.6	40.3	10.27	10.53	10.40
Printing and Publishing	425.46	360.68	384.92	42.0	38.7	38.3	10.13	9.32	10.05

NASHVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

Group	All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers		
	UNITED STATES	Unadjusted percent change to June 1990 from		UNITED STATES	Unadjusted percent change to June 1990 from	
		June 1989	May 1990		June 1989	May 1990
All items (1982-84=100)	129.9	4.7	0.5	128.3	4.5	0.6
All items (1967=100)	389.1	-	-	382.1	-	-
Food and beverages	131.7	5.4	0.5	131.5	5.5	0.6
Food	132.0	5.6	0.5	131.8	5.6	0.6
Food at home	131.7	6.0	0.6	131.4	6.1	0.8
Food away from home	133.4	5.0	0.3	133.2	4.9	0.3
Alcoholic beverages	129.3	4.7	0.3	129.1	4.8	0.3
Housing	128.3	4.4	0.9	126.2	4.2	0.9
Shelter	139.5	5.4	0.9	136.1	5.3	0.8
Renters' costs 1/	145.3	4.8	0.6	129.2	4.5	0.6
Rent, residential	137.9	4.2	0.4	137.4	4.2	0.4
Apparel and upkeep	123.3	4.7	1.8	122.4	4.7	- 1.8
Transportation	118.2	2.0	0.4	117.7	1.5	0.5
Medical care	161.9	9.0	0.7	161.8	8.7	0.6
Entertainment	131.9	4.5	0.2	131.0	4.4	0.2
Other goods & services	157.8	7.9	0.8	157.8	7.9	1.0
Purchasing power of the dollar: 1982-84=$1.00	$.770	- 4.5	- 0.5	$.780	- 4.2	- 0.5

Group	All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers		
	ALL ITEMS	Unadjusted percent change to June 1990 from		ALL ITEMS	Unadjusted percent change to June 1990 from	
		June 1989	May 1990		June 1989	May 1990
SOUTH (1982-84=100)	127.3	4.6	0.6	126.4	4.2	0.6
Less than 50,000 pop	128.2	6.5	1.9	128.5	5.9	1.7
50,000 - 450,000 pop	125.3	4.1	0.6	125.7	3.8	0.6
450,000 - 1,200,000 pop	128.2	4.2	0.2	125.7	3.9	0.2
1,200,000 or more pop	127.8	4.4	0.6	126.7	4.1	0.6
SOUTH (Dec. 1977=100)	206.4	-	-	204.6	-	-
Less than 50,000 pop	208.1	-	-	208.1	-	-
50,000 - 450,000 pop	202.8	-	-	203.5	-	-
450,000 - 1,200,000 pop	209.3	-	-	203.6	-	-
1,200,000 or more pop	206.3	-	-	205.2	-	-

1/ Base year is December 1982 for CPI-U; December 1984 for CPI-W.

NOTE: Effective in 1987, the frequency of publication for the Atlanta indexes was changed from bimonthly to semiannual. Because they are based on smaller samples, local area indexes are subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than national indexes. BLS strongly urges users to consider the use of national indexes in escalator agreements.

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